City of Jacinto City Fiscal Year 2021-2022 PROPOSED

Budget Cover Page

Th proposed budget will raise more revenue from property taxes than last year's budget by an amount of \$ 309,835, which is an 8.6 percent increase from last year's budget. The property tax revenue to be raised from new property added to the tax roll this year is \$ 384,811.16.

Property Tax Rate Comparison	2021-2022	2022-2023
Property Tax Rate	0.773590/100	0.65588/100
No-New-Revenue Tax Rate	\$0.749138/\$100	0.599472/100
No-New-Revenue Maintenance & Operations Tax Rate	\$0.657427/\$100	0.623138/100
Voter-Approval Tax Rate	\$0.773592/\$100	0.620453/100
De minimis rate	\$0.845413/\$100	0.682623/100

Total debt obligation for CITY OF JACINTOCITY secured by property taxes:

\$ 0.0

During the 2022-2023 Budget year, \$ 2,000.00 projected for advertising and \$ 1050.00 has been spent as of 8/9/2022. The 2022-2023 Budget Proposal includes \$ 2000.00 for advertising.

Jacinto City did not budget for or spend funds on lobbying efforts in the 2021-2022 budget and there is no such funding proposed for the 2022-2023 budget.

CITY OF JACINTO CITY 2022-2023 BUDGET PROPOSAL

2021-2022 Tax Rate 0.773590 Proposed 2022-2023 Tax Rate 0.65588

	2021-2022	2022-2023
Income From General Fund	8,162,400	8,806,355
Tax Income Dedicated to Dept (I&S Fund)	484,100	0,000,333
TOTAL	8,646,500	8,806,355
TOTAL	0,040,300	0,000,333
Expenditures - General Fund		
Department 11 - General Administration	767,963	931,588
Department 12 - Emergency Management	76,619	88,855
Department 13 - Code Enforcement - Health	169,809	174,578
Department 14 - Fire Department	182,137	175,493
Department 15 - Parks & Recreation	837,076	936,349
Department 16 - Police Department	2,639,797	2,795,893
Department 17 - Municipal Court	437,765	419,430
Department 18 - Traffic	17,500	22,500
Department 19 - Street Department	965,869	843,573
Department 20 - Garage Department	76,259	114,697
Department 21 - Sanitation	715,196	750,956
Department 22 - Heritage Hall	215,981	231,313
Department 23 - Mayor and City Council	42,381	45,883
Department 24 - Emergency Medical Service	763,501	854,682
Capital Improvements	251,000	385,500
Total Expenditures - General Fund	8,158,852	8,771,288
Income Less Expenditures - General Fund	3,548	35,067
Income From Water Fund	2,667,454	2,826,811
Expenditures - Water Fund		
Department 31 - General Administration	404,979	444,500
Department 32 - Water Systems Department	1,443,108	1,495,600
Department 33 - Waste Water Systems Departmen	797,412	853,766
Department 34 - Mayor and City Council	12,840	12,860
Total Expenditures - Water Fund	2,658,339	2,806,726
Income Less Expenditures - Water Fund	9,115	20,085

CITY OF JACINTO CITY BUDGET PROPOSAL 2020-2021 GENERAL & WATER FUNDS

Income		2021-2022	2022-2023
	Current Taxes	484,100	0
	Transfer from Water Fund	0	0
	Total Income	484,100	0
Expenditures			
	2014 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	484,100	0
	Bond Agent Fees	300	0
	Total Debt Expenditures	484,400	0

CITY OF JACINTO CITY BUDGET PROPOSAL 2021-2022 GENERAL & WATER FUNDS

General Fund Revenue	e	2021-2022	2022-2023
Income From All Source	ces		
5502	Transfer From Cash Reserves (Unencumbered Func	0	0
5504	Ambulance Billing	145,000	120,000
5506	Administration Fee - Police	235,000	200,000
5508	Billing for False Alarms	100	100
5510	Body Armor Reimbursement	2,500	2,500
5511	Building/Air Conditioning Permits	50,000	70,000
5512	Business License	20,000	20,000
5513	Copies	1,000	1,200
5514	Fingerprinting	500	0
5515	Cash Over	10	10
5516	Child Safety Fees	13,000	13,000
5517	City Portion of State Tax On Fines	35,000	47,000
5518	Child Safety / Fines	16,000	10,000
5519	Concession	300	300
5520	Congregate Meals - Senior Citizens	60,000	67,000
5521	Court Technology Fund Transfer	27,000	
5522	Cops Grant	22,731	0
5523	Dog Fines & Tags	5,500	4,000
5524	Donations For Special Projects	100	100
5525	Donations Fire Department Projects	500	500
5526	Donations Police Special Projects	500	500
5527	Election Filing Fees	400	400
5528	Electrical Applications & License	100	0
5529	Electrical Permits	9,500	10,700
5530	E.M.S. Donations	76,000	76,000
5533	Garage Sale Permits	8,000	8,000
5534	Garbage Fee (Total Residential & Commercial)	498,437	498,437
5535	Grant - 3 Patrol Vehicles	0	0
5536	Gross Receipts - Franchise Tax	465,000	609,551
5537	Gross Receipts - PEG Account	28,000	26,000
5544	Interest Income	63,000	55,000
5550	Lease Agreements	28,000	31,000
5551	Law Enforcement Educ. PD/FD	2,750	2,750
5552	Medicare Supplemental EMS Program	93,000	279,000
5554	Municiple Building Fees / Fines	8,000	1,000
5555	Miscellaneous	6,000	9,000
5556	Mixed Beverage Tax	8,000	8,000

Total I	ncome	8,162,400	8,806,355
	POH Grant (Lane Street Benches & Barrells)		22,500
5597	Wrecker License - E Tag	200	200
5593	Unclaimed Property	3,000	3,000
5592	Trash Pick-Up - Large Items	1,000	0
5587	Court Time Payment Fees	2,000	2,000
5585	Taxes - Delinquent	100,000	75,000
5582	Taxes - Current Year	3,594,712	3,904,547
5579	Sale of Equipment	7,500	7,500
5576	Swimming Pool Income	25,000	23,000
5573	Sales Tax Revenue	1,700,000	1,900,000
5570	Rental of Municipal Buildings	50,000	50,000
5568	Recreation Programs	14,000	19,000
5567	Pre-School Tuition	33,000	33,000
5566	Police Fines	600,000	500,000
5563	Penalty & Interest	62,500	62,500
5561	Overloads & Housemoving	4,000	4,000
5560	Pipeline Fees	10,000	10,000
5559	NSF Check Charges	60	60
5558	Municipal Court Technology Fee	25,000	17,500
5557	Mowing Lots Income	1,500	1,500

DEPARTMENT 10 GENERAL FUND - NON-OPERATING TRANSFERS

		2021-2022	2022-2023
7124	Bulk Fuel Expenses	11,500	25,000
7126	Bulk Fuel Transfer	11,500	25,000

DEPARTMENT 11 GENERAL FUND - GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Salaries	- NAL ADMINISTRATION	2021-2022	2022-2023
6603	City Manager	40,586	41,803
6604	City Secretary	59,898	61,695
6609	Clerical	103,459	106,563
6610	Auto Allowance (Local < 100 Miles)	2,160	2,160
6613	Part Time*	6,901	7,108
6621	City Attorney	9,244	9,521
6623	Building Inspector	26,457	25,730
6630	Janitorial Service	12,731	13,113
	COLA Stipend		67,500
Subtot	al	261,435	335,193
Operating Expenditure	as a		
6701	Advertising (Newspaper)	2,000	2,000
6705	Auditing & Accounting Services	39,670	49,400
6707	A/C Inspection Services	5,000	0
6711	Auto Tires/Tubes	100	250
6712	Auto/Fuel	300	500
6726	Computer Assistance	25,000	25,000
9999	Computer Support - Email Hosting	6,500	6,800
6730	Computer - Web Site Support	3,333	3,333
6728	Codification of Ordinances	2,500	2,500
6729	Convention Expense	5,000	5,000
6734	Mitigation of Dangerous Buildings or Conditions	20,000	20,000
9999	Digital Signage Connection Fee (Holland & Market)	500	1,000
6739	Dues & Subscriptions	7,200	8,800
6742	Electrical Board & Inspection	4,500	5,500
6745	Election Expense	17,500	19,500
6748	Software Maintenance	3,000	3,500
6764	Harris County Appraisal District	24,200	25,500
6767	HVAC Maintenance	3,000	3,000
6768	Insurance - Building Floater	33,283	36,000
6769	Insurance - Bonds	500	500
6771	Insurance - Liability	7,100	7,100
6772	Insurance - Health	42,600	81,200
6773	Insurance - Rolling Stock	29,000	38,500
6774	Insurance - Workers Compensation	37,950	38,500
6775	Insurance - Errors & Omisssions	4,992	7,000
6776	Insurance - Law Enforcement	9,310	12,000
6777	Insurance - Retirees	16,500	16,500
6782	Janitorial Supplies	750	750
6793	Legal Costs	10,000	10,000
6794	Longevity	5,098	5,285

	Depar	tment Total	767,963	931,588
		Subtotal	20,440	20,240
	6906	Computer Upgrades (Replace all Windows 7 Machi	4,000	2,500
		Paper Shredder		1,300
	6903	Replacement of AC Unit (Emergency Fund)	15,000	15,000
	6902	Lease Payment Postage Meter	1,440	1,440
Captal Outlay				
		Subtotal	486,087	576,155
	6880	Unemployment Benefits	300	300
	6871	Utilities	12,000	12,000
	6863	Training Schools	5,000	7,500
	6860	Telephone & Internet Service	7,500	7,500
	6859	Taxes - FICA	20,000	25,642
	6850	Retirement	30,199	34,343
	6837	Postage	8,500	8,500
	6827	Office Supplies	4,500	4,500
	6815	Mowing Lots	100	100
	6813	Miscellaneous	3,000	3,000
	6810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	150	150
	6808	Materials & Supplies	7,000	7,000
	6807	Phone System Support	6,552	6,552
	6806	Maint/Repair - Natio	1,450	1,450
	6804	Maint/ Repair - Radio	100	100
	9999	Maint/Repair Digital Signage	600	600
	6801	Maint/Repair - Auto Maint/Repair - Building Facility	7,500	16,500
	6799	Maint/Repair - Auto	250	500
	6797	Maint/Repair - Office Furniture	500	500
	9999	Lobbying Efforts	4,500	4,300
	6795	Holiday Decorations - Purchase and Maintenance	4,500	4,500

DEPARTMENT 12 GENERAL FUND - EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Salaries		2021-2022	2022-2023
6606	Department Head	40,586	41,803
6610	Auto Allowance (Local < 100 Miles)	2,160	2,160
	Subtotal	42,746	43,963
Operating Expenditure	es		
6726	Computer Assistance	200	200
9999	Drone Maintence & Training	1,000	1,000
6739	Dues & Subscriptions	300	300
6740	Generator Service Agreements (All Departments)	7,700	7,700
6772	Insurance - Health	8,900	8,200
6794	Longevity	490	514
6803	Maint/Repair - Equipment	500	500
6804	Maint/Repair - Radio	200	200
6808	Materials & Supplies	200	200
6827	Office Supplies	100	100
6837	Postage	50	50
6850	Retirement	6,263	7,114
6855	Safety Campaign & Equipment	200	200
6859	Taxes - FICA	3,270	3,363
6863	Training Schools		1,250
6862	Water - Bulk	3,500	4,000
	Subtotal	32,873	34,892
	Capital Outlay		
	AED		1,500
	Tracker System		6,000
	Console Radio		1,500
6909	EOC Fixtures & Equipment	1,000	1,000
	Subtotal	1,000	10,000
Denar	tment Total	76,619	88,855
Бераі	anche iotai	, 0,013	30,000

DEPARTMENT 13 GENERAL FUND - HEALTH & HUMANE

Salaries		2021-2022	2022-2023
6608	General Workers	46,915	48,323
6613	Part-Time	43,497	44,802
6614	Overtime	12,000	12,000
	Subtotal	102,412	105,124
Operating Expenditur	es		
6711	Auto Tires/Tubes	300	500
6712	Auto/Fuel	5,000	6,500
6737	Dog Pound Expense	3,500	3,500
6761	Fogging Expense	6,000	7,500
6772	Insurance - Health	14,250	10,500
6794	Longevity	770	840
6799	Maint/Repair - Auto	500	500
6804	Maint/Repair - Radio	100	100
6808	Materials & Supplies	4,000	5,000
6810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	100	100
6813	Miscellaneous	150	250
6827	Office Supplies	250	350
6850	Retirement	8,633	9,762
6855	Safety Campaign & Equipment	160	160
6859	Taxes - FICA	7,835	8,042
6863	Training Schools	600	600
6873	Uniforms/Supplies/Badges	550	550
6882	Veterinary/Quarantine	200	200
6856	Spay, Neuter & Release Project	10,000	10,000
	Subtotal	62,897	64,954
Capital Outlay			
6909	Mobile Radio	1,500	
6910	Dog Kennel Repairs	3,000	4,500
	Subtotal	4,500	4,500
Depar	tment Total	169,809	174,578

DEPARTMENT 14 FIRE DEPARTMENT

FIRE DEPARTMEN Salaries	N I		2021-2022	2022-2023
	606	Departent Head (Part Time)	6,450	6,643
	808	Full Time Paramedic/FF	18,500	
	613	Part-Time	46,879	48,285
	614	Overtime	1,000	1,500
		Subtotal	72,829	
Operating Evapore	al:4			
Operating Expend	uiture 711	Auto Tires/Tubes	1,000	1,250
	711 712	Auto Fuel	1,500	1,875
	712 726	Computer Assistance	300	375
	999	Drone Maintenance & Training	1,000	1,250
	739	Dues & Subscriptions	800	1,000
	760	Fire Hose	1,400	1,750
	772	Insurance - Health	3,105	3,105
0.	,,,	Inspection Software Licensing	0,100	2,500
67	767	HVAC Maintenance	500	625
	782	Janitorial Supplies	300	375
	794	Longevity	000	70
	799	Maint/Repair - Auto	6,000	7,500
	801	Maint/Repair - Building Facility	1,500	1,875
	803	Maint/Repair - Equipment	6,500	8,125
	804	Maint/Repair - Radio	400	500
	808	Materials & Supplies	600	750
	810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	120	150
	813	Miscellaneous	200	250
	827	Office Supplies	300	375
	837	Postage	20	25
	850	Retirement	10,671	12,215
	855	Safety Campaign	900	1,125
	859	Taxes - FICA	5,571	5,774
	860	Fiber Optic Service	920	920
68	862	Tools	500	625
68	863	Training Schools	1,500	1,875
68	867	Turn-Out Gear	15,000	15,000
68	871	Utilities	1,000	1,000
	873	Uniforms/Badges	3,000	3,750
		Subtotal	64,608	76,010
Capital Outlay			0.000	
69	913	Inspection Software Package	3,000	
		SCBA	36,500	
		PPV	5,200	

6954	Rescue Tools (Electric)		24,000
	Subtotal	44,700	24,000
Depart	tment Total	182,137	175,493

DEPARTMENT 15 PARKS & RECREATION

Salaries		2021-2022	2022-2023
6605	Parks & Recreation Director	60,715	62,536
6608	General Workers	170,177	175,282
6610	Part Time/Pool	31,827	32,782
6611	Part Time/Pre-School	44,780	46,124
6612	Part Time/Recreation*	38,851	40,016
6614	Overtime	25,000	25,000
0014	Lifeguard Incentive Pay - End of Season	23,000	4,200
	Subtotal	371,350	385,941
	Subtotal	37 1,330	303,341
Operating Expenditure	es		
6711	Auto Tires/Tubes	600	850
6712	Auto Fuel	3,000	3,000
6722	Ball Park Maintenance	10,000	10,000
6726	Computer Assistance	400	400
6732	Community Building Expense	12,000	12,000
6735	Contract Workers	66,840	66,840
6739	Dues & Subscriptions	250	250
6747	Equipment - Recreation	8,000	8,000
6767	HVAC Maintenance	16,000	16,000
6772	Insurance - Health	78,500	73,800
6782	Janitorial Supplies	6,000	6,000
6785	Special Services	4,000	6,500
6792	Library Building Expense	4,000	4,000
6794	Longevity	1,540	1,820
6796	Maint/Repair - Pool	7,500	7,500
6799	Maint/Repair - Auto	3,750	3,750
6801	Maint/Repair - Building Facility	8,500	8,500
6803	Maint/Repair - Equipment	1,000	1,000
6804	Maint/Repair - Radio	100	100
6806	Maint/Repair - Office Equipment	300	300
6808	Materials & Supplies	4,500	4,500
6810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	1,000	1,500
6813	Miscellaneous	500	500
6827	Office Supplies	750	750
6828	Old Library Building Expense	2,000	2,000
6836	Park Maintenance	10,000	10,000
6839	Pre-School Maintenance	750	750
6850	Retirement	37,495	42,531
6857	Events & Projects	26,000	15,000
6858	Special Projects - 4th of July	1,500	12,500
6859	Taxes - FICA	28,408	29,524
6860	Telephone Service	20,693	20,693
6861	Tennis Court Expense	1,000	1,000
5551		.,550	.,000

6862 6863 6864 6869 6870 6871 6873	Tools Training Schools Pool Chemicals Utilities/PreSchool Utilities/Community Bldg. Utilities Uniforms/Badges Subtotal	750 2,800 20,000 1,800 13,500 50,000 2,500 458,226	750 2,800 26,000 1,800 13,500 50,000 2,500 469,208
Capital Outlay			
6044	Match - Economic Allience Art Grant	7.500	6,000
6911	Mower (ZERO TURN) Playground Feature	7,500	8,700
	Utility Vehicle		18,500
	Door Hardware and Locks (Gym)		8,000
	Tables & Chairs		10,000
	Rehab Projcts @ Town Center		30,000
	Subtotal	7,500	81,200
Depar	tment Total	837,076	936,349

DEPARTMENT 16 POLICE DEPARTMENT

Salaries		2021-2022	2022-2023
6606	Chief of Police	112,477	115,851
6608	General Workers (Police Officers)	1,152,525	1,187,100
6609	Clerical	62,485	64,359
6911	General Workers (COPS GRANT)	22,731	0 1,000
6612	Civilian Dispatchers	172,849	178,034
6614	Overtime - General	40,000	45,000
6615	Overtime - Code Enforcement	5,000	5,000
6630	Janitorial Service	12,200	12,566
6632	TCLEOSE Certificate Pay	12,000	24,000
6633	Detective Clothing Allowance	1,320	1,420
	Subtotal	1,593,586	1,633,331
Operating Expenditure		2.500	2 500
6702	Ammunition	2,500	3,500
6711	Auto Tires/Tubes	5,000	6,000
6712	Auto Fuel	45,000	65,000
6726	Computer Assistance	45,000	50,900
6733	Crime Prevention Program	1,200	1,200
0000	Hotspots for MDTs (8)	1 000	9,000
9999	Drone Maintenance & Training	1,000 300	1,000 300
6739	Dues & Subscriptions	2,200	2,200
6746 6748	Equipment Rental Flock Services	36,500	42,500
6749	Flock Services (Add Gunshot Detection)	30,300	25,000
6765	K-9 Expense	1,655	23,000
6767	HVAC Maintenance	500	500
6769	Insurance Bonds	300	300
6772	Insurance - Health	375,000	334,440
6782	Janitorial Supplies	2,500	3,000
6794	Longevity	15,260	13,280
6799	Maint/Repair - Auto	35,000	45,000
6801	Maint/Repair - Building Facility	6,700	6,700
6804	Maint/Repair - Radio	3,000	3,500
6805	Maint/Repair - Equipment	500	500
6806	Maint/Repair - Office Equipment	500	500
6807	Maint/Repair Elevator (Contract)	1,500	2,000
6808	Materials & Supplies	2,500	2,500
6810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	1,500	1,500
6811	Maintenance & Supplies - Jail	1,500	1,500
6813	Miscellaneous	1,250	1,250
6827	Office Supplies	10,000	10,000
6833	Psychological Testing	1,200	2,000
6837	Postage	150	150
	-		

6850 6858 6859 6860 6863 6871 6873	Retirement Special Projects/Investigations Taxes - FICA Telephone Training Schools Utilities Uniforms/Badges Subtotal	230,787 1,000 121,909 28,000 4,000 17,000 9,000 1,010,911	261,241 1,000 124,950 28,000 4,000 17,000 9,000 1,082,856
Caultal Outlan		, ,	, ,
Capital Outlay	Datus I Walkin In		EE 000
6913	Patrol Vehicle	20.000	55,000
	Police Chief Vehicle	32,800	
6919	WatchGuard Car Camera's 4RE/Vista (2)		5,905
6920	UHF Mobile Radio		1,500
6923	Furniture & Fixtures	2,500	2,500
	8 Coputer Mounts and Related Hardware		4,800
	4 Ruggedized Laptop Computers		10,000
	Subtotal	35,300	79,705
Depar	tment Total	2,639,797	2,795,893

DEPARTMENT 17 GENERAL FUND - MUNICIPAL COURT

Salaries		iicii Al Cooki	2021-2022	2022-2023
	6609	Clerical	117,362	120,883
	6614	Overtime	4,500	4,000
	6620	Municipal Court Judge	43,709	45,020
	6621	City Attorney	9,244	9,521
		Subtotal	174,815	179,424
Operating Expe	enditure	es		
	6726	Computer Assistance	2,000	2,000
	9999	Automated Transfer from Ticket Writers to Crimes	911	911
	6739	Dues & Subscriptions	500	500
	6740	Technology Expense	20,000	20,000
	6745	Document Management	18,000	18,000
	6748	Software Maintenance	3,750	3,750
	6772	Insurance - Health	66,250	58,800
	6783	Associate Judges	21,000	21,000
	6784	Jury Fees	800	800
	6794	Longevity	2,310	2,520
	6797	Maint/Repair - Office Furniture	100	100
	6806	Maint/Repair - Office Equipment	100	100
	6808	Materials & Supplies	1,400	1,400
	6810	Medical Exams/Drug Screens	0	0
	6813	Miscellaneous	100	100
	6814	Contract Interpreter	250	250
	6827	Office Supplies	3,250	3,250
	6850	Retirement	17,856	18,298
	6859	Taxes - FICA	13,373	13,726
	6860	Flber Optic Service	4,000	4,000
	6863	Training Schools	4,000	4,000
	6888	Warrant Service	80,000	65,000
		Subtotal	259,950	238,505
Capital Outlay				
Capital Outldy	6916	Ticket Writers	3,000	
	0310	Receipt Printer	3,000	1,500
	6917	Computer Server & Work Stations Upgrade		1,000
	0317	Subtotal	3,000	1,500
	Dono	tment Total	127 765	419,430
	Depart	tment Total	437,765	413,430

DEPARTMENT 18

GENERAL FUND - TRAFFIC

GENERALI GIAD INAI	116		
Operating Expenditures		2021-2022	2022-2023
6800	Maint/Repair - Traffic Signals	12,500	15,000
6871	Utilities	5,000	7,500
	Subtotal	17,500	22,500
Capital Outlay			
	Updated Signal Operator & Controls	0	0
	Subtotal	0	0
Department Total		17,500	22,500

DEPARTMENT 19 GENERAL FUND - STRI	EET DEPARTMENT	2021-2022	2022-2023
Salaries			
6605	Director of Public Works	34,532	35,568
6606	Street Superintendent	70,341	72,452
6608	General Workers	179,744	185,136
6614	Overtime	8,000	8,000
	Subtotal	292,617	301,156
Operating Expenditur	es		
6711	Auto Tires/Tubes	1,500	3,500
6712	Auto Fuel	5,000	7,500
6724	Boots/Slickers/Protective Clothing	450	450
6735	Contract Labor	43,800	43,800
6746	Equipment Rental	1,000	1,500
6767	HVAC Maintenance	1,000	2,000
6772	Insurance - Health	73,000	53,220
6782	Janitorial Supplies	600	800
6794	Longevity	5,040	5,274
6799	Maint/Repair - Auto	12,000	13,000
6801	Maint/Repair - Building Facility	7,000	7,000
6803	Maint/Repair - Equipment	25,000	25,000
6804	Maint/Repair - Radio	250	250
6808	Materials & Supplies	22,000	28,000
6810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	500	500
6813	Miscellaneous	400	400
6827	Office Supplies	500	500
6850	Retirement	42,876	48,735
6855	Safety Campaign & Equipment	750	750
6859	Taxes - FICA	22,385	23,038
6860	Fiber Optic Service	6,700	6,700
6862	Tools	500	500
6863	Training Schools	500	500
6865	Traffic Signs/School Signs	15,000	15,000
6871	Utilities	20,000	20,000
6873	Uniforms/Badges	4,000	5,000
6875	Storm Water Permit	7,000	4,500
	Subtotal	318,751	317,417
Capital Outlay			
6910	Street, Sidewalk, & Storm Drain Repair	200,000	200,000
6911	Speed Humps	2,000	2,000
0311	F 450 Patch Truck	60,000	2,000
	Utility Vehicle	30,000	18,500
	Brush Hog		4,500
	2. 2311 1100		1,000

6933	Multi-Use Vactor Truck (Storm Drain Cleaning)	92,500	
	Subtotal	354,500	225,000
Depart	tment Total	965,869	843,573

DEPARTMENT 20 GENERAL FUND - GARAGE DEPARTMENT

Salaries			2021-2022	2022-2023
66	808	General Worker - Mechanic	50,914	52,441
66	614	Overtime		1,500
		Subtotal	50,914	53,941
Operating Expend	diture	S		
	746	Equipment Rental	250	250
67	772	Health Insurance	11,500	10,140
67	794	Longevity	840	910
68	803	Maint/Repair - Equipment	350	350
68	808	Materials & Supplies	600	750
68	813	Miscellaneous	250	300
68	850	Retirement	7,460	8,729
68	855	Safety Campaign & Equipment	200	200
68	859	Taxes - FICA	3,895	4,126
		Subtotal	25,345	25,756
Capital Outlay				
99	999	Rebuild Vehicle Lift	0	
		New Vehicle Lift		35,000
		Subtotal	0	35,000
De	epartı	ment Total	76,259	114,697

DEPARTMENT 21

GENERAL FUND - SANITATION		2021-2022	2022-2023
6870 Heavy Trash Service	715,196	750,956	
	Subtotal	715,196	750,956
Depart	tment Total	715,196	750,956

DEPARTMENT 22 GENERAL FUND - HERITAGE HALL

Salaries	- I I L I X I	TAGE HALL	2021-2022	2022-2023
	6606	Department Head	55,762	57,435
	6613	Part Time*	38,693	39,854
	6630	Janitorial Service	9,809	10,103
		Subtotal	104,264	107,392
Operating Exper	nditure	es		
	5711	Auto Tires/Tubes	200	200
6	5712	Auto Fuel	1,350	2,000
6	5726	Computer Assistance	1,500	1,500
6	5763	Homebound Meal Delivery	12,943	13,331
6	5772	Insurance - Health	10,150	10,150
6	5782	Janitorial Supplies	1,200	1,200
6	5794	Longevity	490	490
ϵ	5799	Maint/Repair - Auto	1,000	1,000
ϵ	5801	Maint/Repair - Building Facility	1,000	1,000
6	6806	Maint/Repair - Office Equipment	1,800	1,800
6	808	Materials & Supplies	800	800
ϵ	5810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	120	120
6	5812	Meals - Senior Citizens	42,500	53,520
6	5813	Miscellaneous	100	100
6	5827	Office Supplies	550	550
6	6850	Retirement	13,840	15,744
6	5858	Special Projects	3,500	3,500
6	5859	Taxes - FICA	7,976	8,215
6	5860	Fiber Optic Service	4,098	3,500
6	5863	Training Schools	1,300	1,400
6	5871	Utilities	3,800	3,800
		Subtotal	110,217	123,921
Capital Outlay	5914	Computer	1,500	0
	5914 5915	Subtotal	1,500	0
(,,1,	Jubiolai	1,500	U
ı	Depart	tment Total	215,981	231,313

DEPARTMENT 23 GENERAL FUND - MAYOR & CITY COUNCIL

Salaries		2021-2022	2022-2023
6601	Mayor	3,200	3,200
6602	City Council Members	16,800	16,800
6610	Auto Allowance (Local < 100 Miles)	13,200	13,200
	Subtotal	33,200	33,200
Operating Expenditur	es		
6729	Convention Expense	4,800	7,000
6739	Dues & Subscriptions	3,500	4,200
6827	Office Supplies	400	400
6859	Taxes - Medicare	481	483
6963	Workshops, Seminars & Other Training		600
	Subtotal	9,181	12,683
Depar	tment Total	42,381	45,883

DEPARTMENT 24 EMS DEPARTMENT

Salaries			2021-2022	2022-2023
	6606	Departent Head (Part Time)*	56,863	58,568
		Full Time Paramedic/FF	166,500	170,020
	6613	Part-Time	280,996	289,426
		Overtime	9,000	13,500
		Subtotal	513,359	531,514
0				
Operating Expe			20,000	CE 025
	6703	Ambulance Billing	20,000	65,835
	6706	Ambulance Supplies	23,000	28,750
	6711	Auto Tires/Tubes	800	1,000
	6712	Auto Fuel	4,000	5,000
	6713	Compliance & Licensing Fees	300	700
	6726	Computer Assistance	1,100	1,375
	6739	Dues & Subscriptions	700	1,600
	6772	Insurance - Health	31,050	30,000
	6767	HVAC Maintenance	1,000	1,000
	6782	Janitorial Supplies	1,400	1,750
	6794	Longevity	4 500	70
	6799	Maint/Repair - Auto	4,500	5,625
	6801	Maint/Repair - Building Facility	2,000	2,500
	6803	Maint/Repair - Equipment	4,000	5,000
	6742	Maint/Repair - (Contract- LP-15, Lucas, Power Cot &		6,209
	6804	Maint/Repair - Radio	500	625
	6808	Materials & Supplies	2,000	2,500
	6810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	350	400
	6813	Miscellaneous	250	350
	6827	Office Supplies	450	500
	6837	Postage	130	160
	6850	Retirement	73,901	83,828
	6855	Safety Campaign	250	300
	6859	Taxes - FICA	39,272	40,661
	6860	Fiber Optic Service	8,280	8,280
	6862	Tools	200	250
	6863	Training Schools	1,500	2,500
	6871	Utilities	8,200	8,200
	6873	Uniforms/Badges	2,000	2,000
	6874	Medical Director Fee	7,200	7,200
		Subtotal	244,542	314,167
Capital Outlay				
, ,		Mobile/Console Radio	2,000	
		Hand Held Radios	3,600	1,500
		Stop The Bleed Kits	-,	1,500
		•		.,

AEDs (4)	0	6,000
Subtotal	5,600	9,000
Department Total	763,501	854,682

DEPARTMENT 25 CAPITAL PROJECTS

23			
IECTS		2021-2022	2022-2023
	6 Mobile Radios (Public Works)	7,000	7,000
	1/2 Ton Pickup Truck (Public Works)	40,000	
	3/4 Ton Pickup Truck (Public Works)	48,000	
	Heavy Duty Trailer	6,000	
	Sewer Line Pipebursting	150,000	
6942	Match - North Side Water Mains C2022-006a	0	251,000
	Replace Digital Sign (Gym)	0	45,000
	Council Chambers Upgrades	0	60,000
	Lane Street Benches & Barrels		22,500
	Subtotal	251,000	385,500
Captia	al Projects Total	251,000	385,500

WATER FUND REVENUE

Income From All Source	ces	2021-2022	2022-2023
5491	Water Billing	1,749,000	1,818,020
5492	Sewer Billing	805,499	888,836
5493	Garbage Deposit	0	0
5494	Broken/Cut-Off	600	600
5495	Locked Meter	100	100
5496	Penalty	70,850	70,850
5497	Pulled Meters	100	100
5498	Reconnect (PCO)	15,000	20,000
5499	Transfer Charge	1,000	1,000
5525	Discount on Sales Tax	80	80
5534	Garbage Clean Up Fees (Administrative Fee)	725	725
5544	Interest Income	7,500	7,500
5555	Miscellaneous	200	200
5559	NSF Check Charges	500	750
5565	Plumbing Permits	6,250	8,000
5574	Sewer Rentals	50	50
5596	Water & Sewer Taps	10,000	10,000
Total		2,667,454	2,826,811

DEPARTMENT 31 WATER FUND - GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Salaries	AL ADMINISTRATION	2021-2022	2022-2023
6603	City Manager	40,586	41,803
6604	City Secretary	30,002	30,902
6609	Clerical	73,542	75,748
6634	Plumbing Inspector	6,798	7,002
6610	Auto Allowance (Local < 100 Miles)	2,160	2,160
6613	Part Time*	13,802	14,216
6614	Overtime	4,000	5,000
6621	City Attorney	9,244	9,521
6630	Janitorial Service	7,699	7,930
	COLA Stipend	,	12,000
	Subtotal	187,833	206,283
Operating Expenditur	os		
6701	Advertising (Newspaper)	500	500
6705	Auditing & Accounting Services	19,250	32,010
6708	AVR Billing Contract	26,305	27,000
6726	Computer Assistance	10,000	10,000
6730	Computer - Web Site Support	1,667	500
6739	Dues & Subscriptions	100	100
6768	Insurance - Building/Floater	19,539	25,000
6771	Insurance - Liability	4,275	3,700
6772	Insurance - Health	32,500	29,160
6773	Insurance - Rolling Stock	13,913	17,500
6774	Insurance - Workers Compensation	22,883	22,280
6782	Janitorial Supplies	500	500
6794	Longevity	3,302	2,893
	Lobbying Efforts	0	0
6797	Maint/Repair - Office Furniture	100	100
6801	Maint/Repair - Building Facility	2,500	1,000
6804	Maint/Repair - Radio	150	100
6806	Maint/Repair - Office Equipment	250	250
6808	Materials & Supplies	1,500	1,500
6810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	120	120
	Meter Reading Software Fee	4,200	4,200
6813	Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500
6827	Office Supplies	1,750	1,750
6837	Postage	2,000	2,000
6850	Retirement	19,474	24,474
6859	Taxes - FICA	14,369	15,781
6860	Telephone Service	10,500	10,500
6871	Utilities	3,500	3,300
	Subtotal	216,647	237,718
		·	

Capital Outlay	6943	Office Furniture & Equipment	500	500
		Subtotal	500	500
	Depart	tment Total	404,979	444,500

DEPARTMENT 32 WATER FUND - WATER SYSTEMS DEPARTMENT

Salaries	N 3131 LIVIS DEPARTIVILINI	2021-2022	2022-2023
6605	Director of Public Works	34,532	35,568
6608	General Workers	65,134	67,088
6609	Clerical	36,221	37,308
6614	Overtime	22,000	22,000
	Subtotal	157,887	161,964
Operating Expenditure	es		
6711	Auto Tires/Tubes	1,500	2,500
6712	Auto Fuel	4,000	5,500
6724	Boots/Slickers/Protective Clothing	500	500
6726	Computer Assistance	500	500
6739	Dues & Subscriptions	450	450
6746	Equipment Rental	750	750
6752	Engineering Fees	1,000	1,000
6767	HVAC Maintenance	1,200	1,600
6772	Insurance - Health	65,000	76,560
6782	Janitorial Supplies	750	750
6790	Water Analysis Fees	35,000	40,000
6791	Laboratory Supplies	425	500
6794	Longevity	2,590	5,763
6798	Maint/Repair - Plant	7,500	7,500
6799	Maint/Repair - Auto	5,000	5,000
6801	Maint/Repair - Building Facility	5,000	5,000
6803	Maint/Repair - Equipment	6,000	6,000
6804	Maint/Repair - Radio	250	250
6806	Maint/Repair - Office Equipment	450	450
6808	Materials & Supplies	25,000	35,000
6809	Meters Installed	3,000	3,000
6810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	400	400
6813	Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000
6827	Office Supplies	750	750
6829	Operating Supplies - Utility Plant	30,000	30,000
6840	Purchase of Surface Water	1,000,000	1,000,000
6850	Retirement	17,827	20,172
6855	Safety Campaign & Equipment	800	800
6859	Taxes - FICA	12,078	12,390
6862	Tools	750	1,200
6863	Training Schools	1,400	2,500
6871	Utilities	19,000	19,000
6873	Uniforms/Supplies/Badges	3,300	3,300
6885	Water System Fee	9,100	9,100
6892	Well Permit Fee	1,350	1,350
	Subtotal	1,263,621	1,300,536

Capital Outlay			
6946	Emergency Water Line Repair & Replacement	20,000	20,000
6948	Copier Lease	1,600	1,600
	Generator Transfer Switch - Water Well		11,500
	Subtotal	21,600	33,100
Depar	tment Total	1,443,108	1,495,600

DEPARTMENT 33 WATER FUND - WASTE WATER SYSTEM DEPARTMENT

Salaries	E WATER STSTEW DEPARTMENT	2021-2022	2022-2023
6605	Director of Public Works	34,532	35,568
6608	General Workers	99,251	102,229
6614	Overtime	20,000	20,000
		53,393	54,995
6615	Sewer Plant Operator Subtotal	207,177	212,792
	Subtotal	207,177	212,192
Operating Expenditure	es		
6711	Auto Tires/Tubes	1,100	1,500
6712	Auto Fuel	1,100	1,500
6724	Boots/Slickers/Protective Clothing	400	400
6739	Dues & Subscriptions	350	350
6746	Equipment Rental	1,500	1,500
6752	Engineering Fees	1,000	1,000
6772	Insurance - Health	69,000	55,560
6782	Janitorial Supplies	800	800
6790	Sewer Analysis Fees	12,000	12,000
6791	Laboratory Supplies	600	600
6794	Longevity	5,530	5,900
6798	Maint/Repair - Plant	55,000	55,000
6799	Maint/Repair - Auto	3,500	3,500
6801	Maint/Repair - Building Facility	8,500	8,500
6803	Maint/Repair - Equipment	7,500	7,500
6804	Maint/Repair - Radio	200	200
6806	Maint/Repair - Office Equipment	650	650
6808	Materials & Supplies	12,000	14,000
6810	Medical Exams & Drug Tests	400	400
6813	Miscellaneous	1,000	2,000
6827	Office Supplies	1,000	1,000
6829	Operating Supplies - Utility Plant	130,000	150,000
6850	Retirement	30,357	34,435
6853	Sludge Disposal	80,000	100,000
6855	Safety Campaign & Equipment	750	750
6856	Sewer Plant Permit - Collection System Fee	35,400	35,400
6857	S.S.O. Program	13,500	13,500
6859	Taxes - FICA	15,849	16,279
6860	Fiber Optic Service	4,800	4,800
6862	Tools	650	650
6863	Training Schools	2,500	3,000
6871	Utilities	85,000	85,000
6873	Uniforms/Supplies/Badges	3,300	3,300
	Subtotal	585,236	620,974
		,	•

5,000	20,000
5,000	20,000
797,412	853,766

DEPARTMENT 34 WATER FUND - MAYOR & CITY COUNCIL

Salaries		2021-2022	2022-2023
6601	Mayor	1,600	1,600
6602	Council	4,200	4,200
6610	Auto Allowance (Local < 100 Miles)	3,900	3,900
	Subtotal	9,700	9,700
Operating Expenditur	es		
6729	Convention Expense	2,600	2,600
6827	Office Supplies	300	300
6859	Taxes - Medicare	100	100
6963	Workshops, Seminars & Other Training	140	160
	Subtotal	3,140	3,160
Depar	tment Total	12,840	12,860

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

CITY OF JACINTO CITY, TEXAS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council Members of the City of Jacinto City, Texas:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Jacinto City, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of changes in net pension and total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios, and schedule of contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Belt Harris Pechacek, lllp

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP *Certified Public Accountants* Houston, Texas April 29, 2022

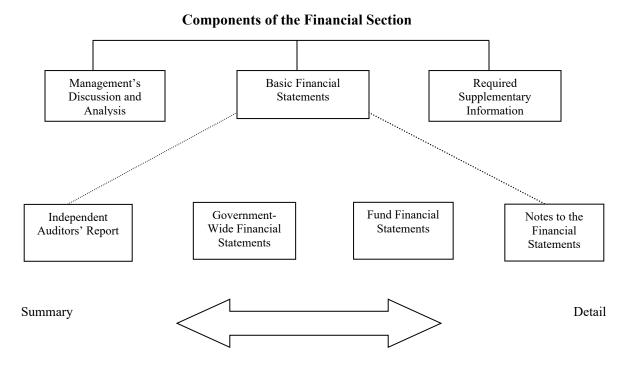
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of the City of Jacinto City (the "City") for the year ending September 30, 2021. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the City's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT



The City's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information for the City as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the City as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the City's financial statements, report information on the City's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the City. These statements are prepared using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the City.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows – the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the City's financials into two classes of activities:

- 1. Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including public safety (police, fire, EMS), community services (building permits/inspection), public works, and general government (City Administrator, City Secretary, Finance, Human Resources, and Information Technology). Interest payments on the City's debt are also reported here. Sales tax, property tax, franchise fees, municipal court fines, and permit fees finance most of these activities.
- 2. Business-Type Activities Services involving a fee for those services are reported here. These services include the City's water and wastewater services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A within this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the City. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal reporting requirements. The two categories of City funds are governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the debt service fund. The general fund is always considered to be a major fund for reporting purposes. The debt service fund did not meet the technical criteria to be presented as a major fund, however, the City has elected to present it as major due to its significance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for its general fund and debt service fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general fund and the debt service fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water distribution and wastewater collection/treatment operations. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements of this report.

The City also uses an internal service fund to account for expenses associated with its health reimbursement account claims. This internal service fund has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the financial statements, MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, schedule of changes in net pension and total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios for the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and the retiree health plan, and a schedule of contributions for TMRS. RSI can be found after the notes to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$31,296,081 as of year end. This compares with \$31,546,081 from the prior fiscal year. The largest portion of the City's net position, 88 percent reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, City hall, police station, fleet equipment, drainage systems, as well as the public works facilities), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Statement of Net Position

The following table provides a condensed Statement of Net Position:

		202	21		2020				
	Governmental	Business-Type			Governmental	Business-Type			
	Activities	Activities	Reconciliation	Total	Activities	Activities	Reconciliation	Total	
	0 450 (15	Φ 000 650	0	Φ 0.005.050	Φ (400 2 0 7	Φ 1.104.544	Φ.	A 7.504.040	
Current and other assets	\$ 8,472,615	\$ 822,658	\$ -	\$ 9,295,273	\$ 6,490,305	\$ 1,104,544	\$ -	\$ 7,594,849	
Capital assets, net	11,641,703	16,368,609		28,010,312	11,817,922	16,455,028		28,272,950	
Total Assets	20,114,318	17,191,267		37,305,585	18,308,227	17,559,572		35,867,799	
Deferred charge on refunding	3,974	-	-	3,974	7,948	-	-	7,948	
Deferred outflows - pensions	333,941	57,395	-	391,336	198,791	39,834	-	238,625	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	43,784	-	-	43,784	27,665	-	-	27,665	
Total Deferred									
Outflows of Resources	381,699	57,395		439,094	234,404	39,834		274,238	
Long-term liabilities	3,302,353	520,767	-	3,823,120	2,835,587	350,786	-	3,186,373	
Other liabilities	1,885,519	359,083	-	2,244,602	587,778	383,398	_	971,176	
Total Liabilities	5,187,872	879,850		6,067,722	3,423,365	734,184		4,157,549	
Deferred inflows - pensions	292,178	63,207	_	355,385	348,403	72,694	_	421,097	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	25,491	03,207	_	25,491	17,310	72,074	_	17,310	
Total Deferred	23,471			23,471	17,510			17,510	
Inflows of Resources	317,669	63,207	-	380,876	365,713	72,694	-	438,407	
Net investment in capital assets	11,552,738	16,368,609	(466,026)	27,455,321	11,633,642	16,455,028	(917,052)	27,171,618	
Restricted	1,629,779	-	-	1,629,779	1,602,755	-	-	1,602,755	
Unrestricted	1,807,959	(63,004)	466,026	2,210,981	1,517,156	337,500	917,052	2,771,708	
Total Net Position	\$ 14,990,476	\$ 16,305,605		\$ 31,296,081	\$ 14,753,553	\$ 16,792,528	-	\$ 31,546,081	

A portion of the primary government's net position, \$1,629,779 or five percent, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position, \$2,210,981 or 7 percent, is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

The City has historically issued and repaid debt in its governmental activities for which the proceeds were used to purchase capital assets for the business-type activities. With one activity carrying the capital assets and another carrying the debt, the result is an unusual net position presentation. The City has included a reconciliation column in the Statement of Net Position adjusting the net investment in capital assets. Outstanding debt associated with governmental activities in the amount of \$466,026 is being used to finance capital assets reported in business-type activities. Accordingly, this amount has been added back to unrestricted net position and deducted from net investment in capital assets in total for the primary government.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Statement of Activities

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

		2021			2020					
	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities		Total Primary Sovernment	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Covernment
Revenues										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 1,516,147	\$ 2,262,221	\$	3,778,368	\$	1,302,825	\$	2,216,622	\$	3,519,447
Operating grants	182,631	-		182,631		758,116		-		758,116
Capital grants	351,139	69,940		421,079		99,055		131,907		230,962
General revenues:										
Ad valorem taxes	3,924,010	-		3,924,010		3,539,868		-		3,539,868
Sales taxes	1,797,840	-		1,797,840		1,640,881		-		1,640,881
Franchise fees and local taxes	641,289	-		641,289		638,153		-		638,153
Investment income	3,976	349		4,325		59,783		5,281		65,064
Other revenues	 273,249	 -		273,249		203,470		-		203,470
Total Revenues	8,690,281	2,332,510		11,022,791		8,242,151		2,353,810		10,595,961
Expenses										
General government	923,549	-		923,549		901,847		-		901,847
Public safety	4,447,336	-		4,447,336		3,762,430		-		3,762,430
Public works	1,649,309	-		1,649,309		1,636,407		-		1,636,407
Community services	1,040,037	-		1,040,037		859,116		-		859,116
Interest and fees on debt	16,130	-		16,130		26,057		-		26,057
Public utilities		 3,196,430		3,196,430				2,943,319		2,943,319
Total Expenses	 8,076,361	 3,196,430		11,272,791		7,185,857		2,943,319	_	10,129,176
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position Before Transfers	613,920	(863,920)		(250,000)		1,056,294		(589,509)		466,785
Transfers	 (376,997)	 376,997	_			(291,741)		291,741	_	
Change in Net Position	236,923	(486,923)		(250,000)		764,553		(297,768)		466,785
Beginning net position	 14,753,553	 16,792,528		31,546,081		13,989,000		17,090,296		31,079,296
Ending Net Position	\$ 14,990,476	\$ 16,305,605	\$	31,296,081	\$	14,753,553	\$	16,792,528	\$	31,546,081

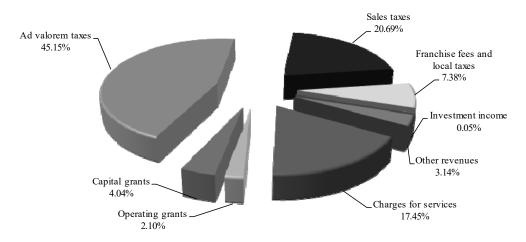
The City's net position decreased by \$250,000 during the current fiscal year. Total revenues increased by \$426,830 largely due to increases in charges for services and ad valorem taxes. Charges for services increased largely due to increases in ambulance revenue, recreation programs, and swimming pool revenue. Total expenses increased by \$1,143,615 primarily due to an increase in pension expense related to the TMRS pension plan.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

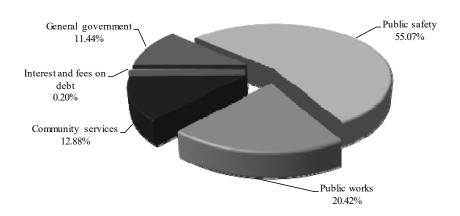
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables follow to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

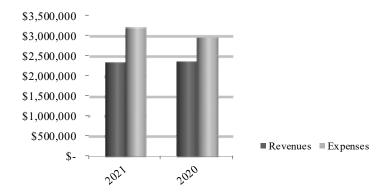
GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES



GOVERNMENTAL EXPENSES



BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES REVENUES AND EXPENSES



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Revenues for governmental activities were very comparable in total to the prior year, increasing by just five percent. Charges for services saw an increase of approximately 16 percent with increased income in ambulance services, as well as other recreational fees. Ad valorem taxes also experienced an increase largely due to an increase in appraisal values. The increases in charges for services and ad valorem taxes were offset by a corresponding decrease in operating grants as the City was awarded grant funds in the prior year to cover pandemic-related costs. Governmental activity expenses increased by 12 percent mainly due to an increase in pension expense related to the TMRS pension plan.

Overall, business-type activity revenues decreased by \$21,300 when compared to the previous year. This decrease in revenue is a result of less grant funds received for capital improvements than the previous year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$5,584,931. Of this, \$1,629,779 is restricted for various purposes. There was a net increase in the combined fund balance of \$383,519 from the prior year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$3,955,152. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 53 percent of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 64 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance in the general fund increased by \$369,971 for a total of \$4,816,603 at year end. This increase is largely the result of an increase in ad valorem taxes revenue and a decrease in capital outlay in comparison to the prior year.

The fund balance of the debt service fund increased by \$13,548. This increase is attributed to an increase in ad valorem taxes. The ending fund balance of the debt service fund was \$768,328 as of year end.

Proprietary Fund – The City's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City had a total net positive budget variance of \$422,401 for the general fund. Total actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$36,874. Actual expenditures were \$427,555 less than budgeted expenditures. The greatest positive variance was in public safety.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of the year, the City's governmental activities and business-type activities had invested \$28,010,312 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure (net of accumulated depreciation).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The significant capital asset acquisitions during the current year included the following:

• Four police vehicles: \$164,847

• Sidewalk and storm drain improvements: \$117,820

Waterline and wastewater treatment plant rehabilitation (construction in progress): \$383,206

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note III.C. to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current year, the City had general obligation debt of \$470,000 and capital leases of \$88,965.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note III.D. to the financial statements.

COVID

The continued spread of the COVID-19 pandemic has given rise in uncertainties that may have a significant negative impact on the operating activities and results of the City. The occurrence and extent of such impact will depend on future developments, including (i) the duration and spread of the virus, (ii) governmental quarantine measures, (iii) the effects on the financial markets, and (iv) the effects on the overall economy, all of which are uncertain.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City's budgeted expenditures for fiscal year 2022 total \$8,160,132 in the general fund and \$484,400 in the debt service fund. The City Council adopted a 2021 tax rate of \$0.773590 per \$100 valuation.

The City continues to face challenges normal for a city environment and is seeking to provide the best services possible to its residents.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the City. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Lon Squyres, City Manager, City of Jacinto City, 1301 Mercury Street, Jacinto City, Texas, 77029.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2021

	Primary Government						
	Governmental	Business-Type					
	Activities	Activities	Reconciliation	Total			
<u>Assets</u>							
Current assets:							
Cash - unrestricted	\$ 5,203,675	\$ 282,154	\$ -	\$ 5,485,829			
Investments	1,767,820	327,500	-	2,095,320			
Receivables, net	1,418,338	232,910	-	1,651,248			
Internal balances	19,906	(19,906)	-	-			
Cash - restricted	62,876	-	-	62,876			
	8,472,615	822,658	-	9,295,273			
Capital assets:							
Nondepreciable	37,084	678,425	-	715,509			
Net depreciable capital assets	11,604,619	15,690,184	-	27,294,803			
	11,641,703	16,368,609	-	28,010,312			
Total Assets	20,114,318	17,191,267		37,305,585			
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>							
Deferred charge on refunding	3,974	-	-	3,974			
Deferred outflows - pensions	333,941	57,395	-	391,336			
Deferred outflows - OPEB SDBF	43,784			43,784			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	381,699	57,395	-	439,094			
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	588,855	114,404	_	703,259			
Customer deposits	-	244,679	_	244,679			
Unearned revenue	1,296,664	211,075	_	1,296,664			
Chearned revende	1,885,519	359,083		2,244,602			
Noncurrent liabilities:	1,005,517	337,003		2,244,002			
Due within one year	612,460	6,457	_	618,917			
Due in more than one year	2,689,893	514,310	_	3,204,203			
Due in more than one year	3,302,353	520,767		3,823,120			
Total Liabilities	5,187,872	879,850		6,067,722			
Total Liabilities	3,167,672	679,630		0,007,722			
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred inflows - pensions	292,178	63,207	-	355,385			
Deferred inflows - OPEB SDBF	25,491	-	-	25,491			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	317,669	63,207	-	380,876			
Not Position							
Net Position Net investment in capital assets	11 552 729	16,368,609	(466,026)	27 455 221			
Restricted for:	11,552,738	10,308,009	(400,020)	27,455,321			
	222 100			222 100			
Child safety	322,199	-	-	322,199			
Debt service	768,328	-	-	768,328			
Court technology	203,611	-	-	203,611			
Municipal court	66,717	-	-	66,717			
Police equipment	7,605	-	-	7,605			
Governmental programming	261,319	-	-	261,319			
Unrestricted	1,807,959	(63,004)	466,026	2,210,981			
Total Net Position	\$ 14,990,476	\$ 16,305,605	\$ -	\$ 31,296,081			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

					Progr	am Revenues	5	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	(Charges for Services	G	perating rants and ntributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$	923,549	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		4,447,336		1,016,181		32,669		74,526
Public works		1,649,309		499,966		-		276,613
Community services		1,040,037		-		149,962		-
Interest and fees on debt		16,130		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities		8,076,361		1,516,147		182,631		351,139
Business-Type Activities								
Public utilities		3,196,430		2,262,221		-		69,940
Total Business-Type Activities		3,196,430		2,262,221		_		69,940
Total Primary Government	\$	11,272,791	\$	3,778,368	\$	182,631	\$	421,079
·	_							

General Revenues:

Taxes

Ad valorem taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise fees and local taxes

Investment income

Other revenues

Transfers

Total General Revenues Change in Net Position

Beginning net position

Ending Net Position

Net ((Expense)	Revenue a	ind Changes	in Net Position

	Primary Government								
G	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities			Total					
\$	(923,549)	\$	-	\$	(923,549)				
	(3,323,960)		-		(3,323,960)				
	(872,730)		-		(872,730)				
	(890,075)		-		(890,075)				
	(16,130)		-		(16,130)				
	(6,026,444)		_		(6,026,444)				
	_		(864,269)		(864,269)				
			(864,269)		(864,269)				
	(6,026,444)		(864,269)		(6,890,713)				
	3,924,010		-		3,924,010				
	1,797,840		-		1,797,840				
	641,289		-		641,289				
	3,976		349		4,325				
	273,249		-		273,249				
	(376,997)		376,997		-				
	6,263,367		377,346		6,640,713				
	236,923		(486,923)		(250,000)				
	14,753,553		16,792,528		31,546,081				
\$	14,990,476	\$	16,305,605	\$	31,296,081				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2021

	General		Debt Service		Go	Total overnmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash - unrestricted	\$	4,431,902	\$	767,640	\$	5,199,542
Investments		1,767,820		-		1,767,820
Receivables, net		1,351,622		66,716		1,418,338
Due from other funds		19,938		-		19,938
Cash - restricted		62,876		-		62,876
Total Assets	\$	7,634,158	\$	834,356	\$	8,468,514
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	583,031	\$	-	\$	583,031
Due to other funds		-		32		32
Unearned revenue		1,296,664		-		1,296,664
Total Liabilities		1,879,695		32		1,879,727
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - EMS services		546,533		-		546,533
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		391,327		65,996		457,323
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		937,860		65,996		1,003,856
Fund Balances						
Restricted						
Child safety		322,199		-		322,199
Debt service		-		768,328		768,328
Court technology		203,611		-		203,611
Municipal court		66,717		-		66,717
Police equipment		7,605		-		7,605
Governmental programming		261,319		-		261,319
Unassigned		3,955,152				3,955,152
Total Fund Balances		4,816,603		768,328		5,584,931
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	7,634,158	\$	834,356	\$	8,468,514

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2021

Total fund balances for the governmental funds	\$	5,584,931
Adjustments for the Statement of Net Position:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial		
resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.		
Capital assets - nondepreciable		37,084
Capital assets - net depreciable		11,604,619
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period		
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		1,003,856
Long-term liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows are not due and payable in the		
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	`	
Accrued interest payable		(5,824)
Deferred charge on refunding		3,974
Deferred outflows - pensions		333,941
Deferred outflows - OPEB SDBF		43,784
Deferred inflows - pensions		(292,178)
Deferred inflows - OPEB SDBF		(25,491)
Noncurrent liabilities due within one year		(612,460)
Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year		(2,689,893)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain		
activities such as employee health benefits. The assets and liabilities of the internal		
service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		4,133
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	14,990,476

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	General	Debt Service	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues		 		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,433,641	\$ 485,373	\$	3,919,014
Sales taxes	1,797,840	-		1,797,840
Franchise fees and local taxes	641,289	-		641,289
Licenses and permits	78,510	-		78,510
Fines and forfeitures	528,894	-		528,894
Charges for services	617,393	-		617,393
Intergovernmental	533,770	-		533,770
Investment income	3,709	267		3,976
Other revenue	 262,291	 10,958		273,249
Total Revenues	7,897,337	496,598		8,393,935
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	727,758	-		727,758
Public safety	3,631,901	-		3,631,901
Public works	1,597,577	-		1,597,577
Community services	903,954	-		903,954
Capital outlay	521,460	-		521,460
Debt service:				
Principal	95,315	455,000		550,315
Interest and fiscal charges	 7,373	 28,050		35,423
Total Expenditures	7,485,338	483,050		7,968,388
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	411,999	 13,548		425,547
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers (out)	(42,028)	-		(42,028)
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(42,028)			(42,028)
Net Change in Fund Balances	369,971	13,548		383,519
Beginning fund balances	 4,446,632	754,780		5,201,412
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 4,816,603	\$ 768,328	\$	5,584,931

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 383,519
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	252 254
Capital outlay	353,354
Disposals of capital assets, net	(2,250)
Depreciation expense	(527,323)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Deferred property tax revenue	4,996
Deferred emergency medical services revenue	291,350
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and certificates of obligation) provides current	
financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction,	
however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of	
premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are	
deferred and amortized in the Statement of Net Position. Pension and other post employment	
benefits (OPEB) expenses and the amortization of deferred items are recognized at the	
government-wide level.	
Principal expenditures	455,000
Amortization of loss on refunding	(3,974)
Amortization of premium	17,629
Capital lease payments	95,315
Net pension liability	(971,728)
Deferred outflows - pensions	135,150
Deferred inflows - pensions	56,225
Total OPEB liability	(60,866)
Deferred outflows - OPEB SDBF	16,119
Deferred inflows - OPEB SDBF	(8,181)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	(2,116)
Accrued interest payable	5,638
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of sertain	
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain	
activities, such as employee health benefits, to individual funds. The net	(02.4)
revenue of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	 (934)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 236,923

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

September 30, 2021

				Governmental Activities		
					Internal	
			Enterprise		Service	
<u>Assets</u>						
Current assets:						
Cash, unrestricted		\$	282,154	\$	4,133	
Investments			327,500		-	
Receivables, net			232,910			
	Total Current Assets		842,564		4,133	
Noncurrent assets						
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable			678,425		-	
Net depreciable capital assets			15,690,184		-	
	Total Noncurrent Assets		16,368,609		-	
	Total Assets		17,211,173		4,133	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows - pensions			57,395		-	
	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		57,395			
					_	
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			114,404		-	
Customer deposits			244,679		-	
Due to other funds			19,906		-	
	Total Current Liabilities		378,989		-	
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year			6,457		=	
Due in more than one year			514,310			
	Total Noncurrent Liabilities		520,767			
	Total Liabilities		899,756			
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows - pensions			63,207			
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		63,207		-	
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets			16,368,609		-	
Unrestricted			(63,004)		4,133	
	Total Net Position	\$	16,305,605	\$	4,133	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Enterprise		Governmental Activities Internal Service			
Operating Revenues		·			_		
Water charges		\$	1,481,173	\$	-		
Sewer charges			694,360		-		
Service charges			-		25,000		
Other services			86,688				
	Total Operating Revenues		2,262,221		25,000		
Operating Expenses Costs of sales and services			1,683,023		25,934		
Administration			1,005,167		-		
Depreciation			491,597				
	Total Operating Expenses		3,179,787		25,934		
	Operating Income (Loss)		(917,566)		(934)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Exp	penses)						
Investment income			349		-		
Interest expense			(16,643)		-		
Intergovernmental revenue			69,940		-		
To	otal Nonoperating Revenues		53,646		-		
	(Loss) Before Transfers		(863,920)		(934)		
Capital contributions			334,969		-		
Transfers (net)			42,028		-		
	Change in Net Position		(486,923)		(934)		
Beginning net position			16,792,528		5,067		
	Ending Net Position	\$	16,305,605	\$	4,133		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Governmental

	Enterprise		Activities Internal Service	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers	\$	2,301,369	\$	-
Receipts from interfund charges for services		-		25,000
Payments to suppliers		(1,712,626)		(25,934)
Payments to employees		(862,234)		
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities		(273,491)		(934)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Intergovernmental revenue		69,940		-
Net transfer from and to other funds		42,028		-
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		111,968		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Capital purchases		(70,209)		-
Interest paid on capital debt		(16,643)		_
Net Cash (Used) by Capital				
and Related Financing Activities		(86,852)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of investments		(349)		-
Interest on investments		349		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities				
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(248,375)		(934)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		530,529		5,067
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	282,154	\$	4,133

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Enterprise		Governmental Activities Internal Service	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)				
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities				
Operating (loss)	\$	(917,566)	\$	(934)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating				
(Loss) to Net Cash (Used)				
by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation		491,597		-
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:				
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets:				
Accounts receivable		33,860		-
Deferred outflows - pensions		(17,561)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(29,603)		-
Customer deposits		5,288		-
Compensated absences		210		-
Net pension liability		163,974		-
Total OPEB liability		5,797		-
Deferred inflows - pensions		(9,487)		-
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(273,491)	\$	(934)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:				
Contributions of capital assets	\$	334,969	\$	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Jacinto City, Texas (the "City") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Texas (the "State") in 1946. The City has operated under a "Home Rule Charter", which provides for a "Council-Manager" form of government, since January 17, 1981.

The City Council is the principal legislative body of the City. The City Manager is appointed by a majority vote of the City Council and is responsible to the City Council for the administration of all the affairs of the City. The City Manager is responsible for appointment and removal of department directors and employees, supervision and control of all City departments, and preparation of the annual budget.

The City provides the following services: public safety including police, fire, and emergency medical services; parks; streets; sanitation; water and sewer services; recreation; public improvements; and general administration.

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State governed by an elected council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the City's financial reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the City's reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and an internal

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

service fund, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's water and wastewater functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The City reports the following governmental funds:

The *general fund* is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, fines and forfeitures, as well as licenses and permits. Expenditures include general government, public safety, public works, and community services. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund did not meet the technical criteria to be presented as a major fund, however, the City has elected to present it as major due to its significance.

The City reports the following enterprise fund:

The *enterprise fund* is used to account for and report the operations that provide water and sewer services. These services are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The enterprise fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

The internal service fund accounts for services provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. This fund includes activity related to an employee health benefits account. The City provides full-time employees with a health reimbursement account for select medical benefit expenses each year.

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise fund) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund type considers temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. government Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts Statewide investment pools and commercial paper

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred (i.e., the purchase method).

Certain payments to vendors reflecting costs applicable to the future accounting period (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Interest costs incurred in connection with the construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

Asset Description	Useful Life
Vehicles	10 to 15 years
Equipment	5 to 25 years
Infrastructure	10 to 60 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 to 25 years
Buildings	10 to 50 years

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities
 are amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan
 members, except for the net differences between the projected and actual investment
 earnings on the pension/OPEB plan assets, which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the
 measurement date through the end of the City's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and
 recognized as a reduction to the net pension/OPEB liability during the measurement period
 in which the contributions were made.
- A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

At the fund level, the City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and emergency medical services revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

6. Compensated Employee Absences

Employees earn vacation time based on years of service with the City, up to a maximum of 25 days per year. Employees must take vacation time during the year it is earned.

Sick leave accrues on the basis of one day per month of employment. Employees are granted sick pay only for actual sick time. Effective January 1, 1992, employees are no longer paid for unused sick time upon termination. However, employees who have unused sick time that accumulated prior to January 1, 1992 may be paid for any of this unused sick time when their employment with the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

City terminates. The estimated amount that will be paid as compensation for services provided is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. All eligible time is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund. Although a portion of the general obligation debt was directly related to the purchase of water and sewer infrastructure, the debt service expenditures are included in the governmental fund financial statements as they are expected to be paid from debt service tax revenues instead of water system revenues.

Assets acquired under the terms of a capital lease are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the applicable fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

11. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

12. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

13. Other Postemployment Benefits

The City participates in a single-employer, unfunded, defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TMRS known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees. Benefit payments and refunds are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information about the City's total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by TMRS from reports prepared by their consulting actuary.

The City also provides medical benefits to eligible retirees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. This plan is an unfunded, pay-as-you-go plan. Information about the City's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by the City's consulting actuary.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied during September of each year, are due upon receipt of the City's tax bill, and become delinquent on February 1 of the following year. The City's tax lien exists from January 1 (the assessment date) each year until the taxes are paid. The penalties and interest accumulate on the unpaid accounts until July 1, at which time the delinquent accounts are turned over to the tax attorney for legal action. The interest continues to accumulate on the account at one percent per month, but the penalty remains at a maximum of 12 percent until paid.

A penalty of six percent and interest of one percent are added to delinquent taxes on February 1. The penalty amount increases to a maximum of 12 percent on July 1 of each year, with interest continuing to increase at one percent per month until the account is paid. An additional penalty of 20 percent is added in July for attorney costs. There are no discounts allowed on taxes.

3. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund and internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

fund and internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The legal level of control as defined by the charter is the department in the approved budget. The City Manager may transfer appropriations within a department without seeking the approval of City Council. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year. Supplemental budget appropriations were made during the year.

A. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2021, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control as follows:

General fund:	
Capital outlay	\$ 135,705
Debt service principal	8,188
Total	\$ 143,893

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Cash and temporary investments include petty cash on hand in various departments, certificates of deposit, and demand deposit accounts. As of year end, the City had the following investments:

		Weighted Average
Investment Type	Value	Maturity (Years)
Certificates of deposit	\$ 2,095,32	0.02

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to 180 days or less.

Credit risk. State law and the City's investment policy limit investments to obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "A" or its equivalent.

Concentration of credit risk. With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, the City's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 50 percent of the portfolio's total investments.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities with a collective market value of at least 102 percent. As of September 30, 2021, market values of pledged securities and FDIC insurance exceeded bank balances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeeping securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City's safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

B. Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances at year end:

	 General	Del	ot Service	E	nterprise	 Total
Accounts	\$ 1,821,776	\$	-	\$	545,596	\$ 2,367,372
Ad valorem	397,634		68,516		-	466,150
Sales taxes	323,794		-		-	323,794
Other	98,285		720		8,896	107,901
Less allowance	(1,289,867)		(2,520)		(321,582)	(1,613,969)
Totals	\$ 1,351,622	\$	66,716	\$	232,910	\$ 1,651,248

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year end is as follows:

	Primary Government							
	E	Beginning			Ι	Decreases/		Ending
		Balance]	Increases	Rec	lassifications		Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	37,084	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,084
Construction in progress		3,975,858				(3,975,858)		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		4,012,942				(3,975,858)		37,084
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		9,253,884		3,938,697		-		13,192,581
Improvements other than buildings		641,701		117,820		-		759,521
Infrastructure		2,822,024		-		-		2,822,024
Equipment		1,655,938		107,848		(12,361)		1,751,425
Vehicles		2,850,325		164,847		(248,090)		2,767,082
Total capital assets being depreciated		17,223,872		4,329,212		(260,451)		21,292,633
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(3,640,171)		(305,366)		-		(3,945,537)
Improvements other than buildings		(504,797)		(23,059)		-		(527,856)
Infrastructure		(2,025,121)		(24,664)		-		(2,049,785)
Equipment		(1,225,380)		(61,654)		12,361		(1,274,673)
Vehicles		(2,023,423)		(112,580)		245,840		(1,890,163)
Total accumulated depreciation		(9,418,892)		(527,323)		258,201		(9,688,014)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		7,804,980		3,801,889		-		11,604,619
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	11,817,922	\$	3,801,889	\$	(3,978,108)		11,641,703
						sociated debt		(88,965)
			N	let Investment	in Ca	apital Assets	\$	11,552,738

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 128,025
Public safety	245,141
Public works	87,830
Community services	66,327
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 527,323

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year end:

	В	eginning				Ending
		Balance	 Increases	D	ecreases	 Balance
Business-Type Activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	7,953	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 7,953
Construction in progress		287,266	383,206			 670,472
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		295,219	383,206			678,425
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Infrastructure		23,701,154	21,972		-	23,723,126
Equipment		195,313	_		(8,184)	187,129
Vehicles		279,105	 			 279,105
Total capital assets being depreciated		24,175,572	 21,972		(8,184)	 24,189,360
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure		(7,622,116)	(479,134)		-	(8,101,250)
Equipment		(153,106)	(2,638)		8,184	(147,560)
Vehicles		(240,541)	 (9,825)			 (250,366)
Total accumulated depreciation		(8,015,763)	 (491,597)		8,184	 (8,499,176)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		16,159,809	(408,112)		<u>-</u>	15,690,184
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	16,455,028	\$ (24,906)	\$	-	\$ 16,368,609

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Beginning

Balance

D. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities:

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total long-term liabilities for the year end. In general, the City uses the general and debt service funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

Reductions

Ending

Balance

Due Within

One Year

General obligation bonds	\$	925,000	\$	-	\$	455,000	\$	470,000	\$	470,000
Capital leases		184,280		-		95,315		88,965	*	88,965
Compensated absences		57,323		2,116		=		59,439		53,495
Net pension liability		361,422		971,728		-		1,333,150		-
Total OPEB liability										
SDBF		170,914		27,821		-		198,735		-
Health		1,101,390		33,045		-		1,134,435		-
Premium on debt		35,258		-		17,629		17,629		-
rieiiluiii oii debi						565044	Ф	2 200 252	Φ.	612.460
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,835,587 Long-term		1,034,710 ties due in mo		•	\$ \$ \$	3,302,353 2,689,893 88,965	<u>\$</u>	012,400
	\$	2,835,587 Long-term		ties due in mo	ore tha	n one year	\$ \$	2,689,893 88,965		
Total Governmental Activities		2,835,587 Long-term	* Debt	ties due in mo	ore tha	n one year ital assets	\$	2,689,893 88,965 Ending	Du	e Within
		2,835,587 Long-term	* Debt	ties due in mo	ore tha	n one year	\$	2,689,893 88,965	Du	
Total Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities:	F	2,835,587 Long-term	* Debt	ties due in me associated w	ore tha ith cap	n one year ital assets	\$	2,689,893 88,965 Ending Balance	Du O	e Within ne Year
Total Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities: Compensated absences	F	2,835,587 Long-term eginning Balance 6,964	* Debt	ties due in mo associated w	ore tha ith cap	n one year ital assets	\$	2,689,893 88,965 Ending Balance 7,174	Du O	e Within ne Year

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

General obligation debt and capital leases at year end were comprised of the following debt issues:

Description	Interst Rates	 Balance
Governmental Activities		
General obligation debt:		
Refunding, Series 2013	2.00-3.00%	\$ 470,000
Capital leases	6.00-6.50%	88,965
	Total Governmental Activities	\$ 558,965

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation debt outstanding at year end were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		General Ob	ligatio	n Debt
Sept. 30	F	Principal	I	nterest
2022	\$	470,000	\$	14,100
Total	\$	470,000	\$	14,100

The City is not obligated in any manner for special assessment debt.

Future minimum payments to retire capital lease obligations for governmental activities are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Governmental Activities						
Sept. 30	P	rincipal	lı	nterest			
2022	\$	88,965	\$	3,461			
Total	\$	88,965	\$	3,461			

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Asset		Amount
Vehicles	\$	845,831
Less: accumulated depreciation		(489,332)
Total	\$	356,499

Federal Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or not performed correctly, they could result in a substantial liability to the City. Although the City does not anticipate that it will have any arbitrage liability, it periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with IRS rules and regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

E. Interfund Transactions

The compositions of interfund balances as of year end were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mounts
General fund	Enterprise fund	\$	19,906
General fund	Debt service		32
		\$	19,938

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

Transfers between the primary government funds during the year were as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	A	mounts
Enterprise fund	General fund	\$	42,028
		\$	42,028

The general fund made transfers to the enterprise fund to provide financing for miscellaneous capital projects.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with 2,617 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pool (the "Pool"). The Pool purchases commercial insurance at a group rate for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three fiscal years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in a lawsuit. Although the outcome of this lawsuit is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's management that resolution of this matter will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

C. Pension Plan

Texas Municipal Retirement System

Plan Description

The City participates as one of 895 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by TMRS. TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the "TMRS Act") as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor-appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State. TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest, were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a partial lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75 percent of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	2021	2020
Employee deposit rate	5.00%	5.00%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	1.5 to 1	1.5 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service requirement eligibility		
(expressed as age/yrs of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	27
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	40
Active employees	74
Total	141

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either five percent, six percent, or seven percent of employee gross earnings, and the City-matching percentages are either 100 percent, 150 percent, or 200 percent, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The City's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the City and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City were required to contribute five percent of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 7.97 percent and 11.80 percent in calendar years 2020 and 2021, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were \$360,432, which were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The TPL in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 2.75% per year

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-Distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for active members, healthy retirees, and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees are used with a four-year set-forward for males and a three-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5 percent and 3.0 percent minimum mortality rate is applied for males and females, respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The postretirement mortality assumption for annuity purchase rates is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation, as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, the actuary focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	30.0%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.14%
Real Return	10.0%	3.85%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.48%
Private Equity	10.0%	7.75%
Total _	100.00%	_

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, TMRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes in the NPL

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
		(A)		(B)		(A) - (B)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	408,208	\$	-	\$	408,208
Interest		752,902		-		752,902
Changes in current period benefits		1,015,982		-		1,015,982
Difference between expected and actual experience		130,816		-		130,816
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		277,832		(277,832)
Contributions - employee		-		174,299		(174,299)
Net investment income		-		724,949		(724,949)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(279,133)		(279,133)		-
Administrative expense		-		(4,691)		4,691
Other changes				(183)		183
Net Changes		2,028,775		893,073		1,135,702
Balance at December 31, 2019		10,073,586		9,551,133		522,453
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	12,102,361	\$	10,444,206	\$	1,658,155

Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the NPL of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1%	Increase in
	Dis	Discount Rate Discount I			Dis	count Rate
	((5.75%)	((6.75%)	((7.75%)
City's Net Pension Liability	\$	3,246,559	\$	1,658,155	\$	347,707

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Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TMRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,277,710.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of		Deferred oflows of
	R	esources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	105,917	\$	73,976
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		10,330
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		271,079
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		285,419		-
Total	\$	391,336	\$	355,385

\$285,419 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal	
Year Ended	Pension
September 30	Expense
2022	\$ (109,313)
2023	(2,303)
2024	(129,788)
2025	(8,064)
Total	\$ (249,468)

D. Other Postemployment Benefits

1. TMRS Supplemental Death Benefits Fund

Plan Description

The City participates in an OPEB plan administered by TMRS. TMRS administers the defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the SDBF. This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. Employers may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in, the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The member city contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate (based on the covered payroll of employee members) as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75). As such, the SDBF is considered to be a single-employer unfunded OPEB defined benefit plan with benefit payments treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The contributions to the SDBF are pooled for investment purposes with those of the Pension Trust Fund (PTF). The TMRS Act requires the PTF to allocate a five percent interest credit from investment income to the SDBF on an annual basis each December 31 based on the mean balance in the SDBF during the year.

Benefits

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an OPEB and is a fixed amount of \$7,500. As the SDBF covers both active and retiree participants with no segregation of assets, the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e., no assets are accumulated). Participation in the SDBF as of December 31, 2020 is summarized below:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	13
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	9
Active employees	74
Total	96

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$198,735 was measured as of December 31, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.5% to 11.5% including inflation

Discount rate 2.0%*
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs Zero

Administrative expenses All administrative expenses are paid through the PTF and accounted for under

reporting requirements under GASB 68.

Mortality rates-service retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Mortality rates-disabled retirees 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4-year set-forward

for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for

future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

^{*} The discount rate is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	\$	14,641
Interest		4,877
Changes of assumptions		24,905
Difference between expected and actual experience		(14,859)
Benefit payments*		(1,743)
Net Changes		27,821
Beginning		170,914
Ending	\$	198,735

^{*} Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher that the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1%	Increase in
	Dis	count Rate	Disc	count Rate	Dis	count Rate
	(1.00%)	(2.00%)		((3.00%)
City's Total OPEB Liability	\$	240,344	\$	198,735	\$	166,448

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$23,257. The City reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
		Outflows of	Inflows of
		Resources	Resources
Changes in actuarial assumptions		40,881	4,392
Difference between expected and actual experience		-	21,099
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,903	-
	Total	\$ 43,784	\$ 25,491

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

\$2,903 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fis cal Year Ended	OPEB
September 30	Expense
2022	\$ 3,739
2023	3,104
2024	2,746
2025	3,820
2026	1,613
Thereafter	368
Total	\$ 15,390

2. Postemployment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, known as the Postemployment Health Plan (the "Plan"). Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire with at least 20 years of service from the City. Employees may continue coverage on the City's Plan in existence at the time of retirement. The City pays the entire premium for the retiree's health insurance coverage. Dependent coverage is not offered. The Plan offers Medigap insurance coverage to eligible retirees after retirees have attained the age of 65 years and are eligible for Medicare instead of the full coverage provided prior to becoming eligible for Medicare.

Benefits

Participation in the Plan as of September 30, 2020 is summarized below:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	-
Active employees	52
Total	55

Funding Policy

Funding is provided on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$1,323,023 was measured as of September 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	2.25%
Discount rate	2.26%
Health care trend rate	7.10/5.00%
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Starting per capita costs	Annual premium rates provided by the City. Rates adjusted for "implicit" cost of covering retirees as dictated by the Alternative Measurement Method in GASB 74/75.
Mortality rates	Based on rates from TMRS Experience Study Report dated October 15, 2019
Retiree contributions	The City pays the entire premium for the retiree's health insurance coverage. Dependent coverage is not offered. Once retirees are Medicare eligible, they have the option to find a supplemental policy or the City will find a policy for them, with the full cost going to the City. Coverage continues until the death of the retiree.
Termination rates	Based on rates from TMRS Experience Study Report dated October 15, 2019
Participation rates (coverage)	Employee may continue coverage into retirement on the City Plan. They must have 20 years of sevice. There are no age requirements.

^{*} The discount rate is based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of September 30, 2021.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$	22,262	
Interest		28,239	
Difference between expected and actual experience			
Changes of assumptions		1,107	
Benefit payments		(12,766)	
Net Changes	-	38,842	
Beginning		1,284,181	
Ending	\$	1,323,023	

The discount rate increased from 2.21% to 2.26%. There were no other changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the assumed discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current assumed discount rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1%	Increase in
	Dis	scount Rate	Dis	count Rate	Dis	scount Rate
		(1.26%)		(2.26%)		(3.26%)
City's Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,588,015	\$	1,323,023	\$	1,116,616

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using an assumed trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current trend rate:

			Current				
	Healthcare						
	1%	Cost Trend			1%		
	Decrease		Rate		Increase		
City's Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,100,111	\$	1,323,023	\$	1,608,092		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$51,608.

The City reported no deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

							,	Variance with Final
	Budgeted Original Budget		Budget as Amended		Actual		Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Ad valorem taxes	\$	3,513,642	\$	3,513,642	\$	3,433,641	\$	(80,001)
Sales taxes		1,550,000		1,550,000		1,797,840		247,840
Franchise fees and local taxes		501,000		501,000		641,289		140,289
Licenses and permits		91,800		91,800		78,510		(13,290)
Fines and forfeitures		942,500		942,500		528,894		(413,606)
Charges for services		778,075		778,075		617,393		(160,682)
Intergovernmental		259,776		259,776		533,770		273,994
Investment income		63,000		63,000		3,709		(59,291)
Other revenue		160,670		160,670		262,291		101,621
Total Revenues		7,860,463		7,860,463		7,897,337		36,874
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		765,685		765,685		727,758		37,927
Public safety		3,797,222		3,869,615		3,631,901		237,714
Public works		1,754,904		1,766,754		1,597,577		169,177
Community services		1,017,584		1,030,584		903,954		126,630
Capital outlay		334,183		385,755		521,460		(135,705) *
Debt service:								
Principal		94,500		87,127		95,315		(8,188) *
Interest and fiscal charges				7,373		7,373		
Total Expenditures		7,764,078		7,912,893		7,485,338		427,555
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		96,385		(52,430)		411,999		464,429
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (out)		-		-		(42,028)		(42,028)
Total Other Financing (Uses)		-		<u>-</u>		(42,028)		(42,028)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	96,385	\$	(52,430)		369,971	\$	422,401
Beginning fund balance						4,446,632		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	4,816,603		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

- 1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 2. * Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Measurement Year*					
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$	205,392	\$	212,876	\$	241,136	\$	258,007
Interest (on the total pension liability)		537,078		554,470		563,811		571,985
Changes in current period benefits		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and								
actual experience		(204,420)		(63,980)		(337,728)		100,750
Change of assumptions		-		59,781		-		=
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(282,342)		(304,362)		(386,627)		(322,524)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		255,708		458,785		80,592		608,218
Beginning total pension liability		7,711,020		7,966,728		8,425,513		8,506,105
Ending Total Pension Liability	\$	7,966,728	\$	8,425,513	\$	8,506,105	\$	9,114,323
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$	207,554	\$	218,685	\$	220,726	\$	237,581
Contributions - employee	Ψ	110,231	Ψ	116,199	Ψ	125,985	Ψ	134,378
Net investment income		376,431		10,311		474,618		1,032,843
Benefit payments, including refunds of		370,431		10,511		474,010		1,032,043
employee contributions		(282,342)		(304,362)		(386,627)		(322,524)
Administrative expense		(3,930)		(6,280)		(5,359)		(5,352)
Other		(323)		(310)		(289)		(3,332) (271)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		407,621		34,243		429,054		1,076,655
Beginning plan fiduciary net position		6,579,859		6,987,480		7,021,722		7,450,776
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	6,987,480	\$	7,021,723	\$	7,450,776	\$	8,527,431
Ending Fran Francisc Science	Ψ	0,707,400	Ψ	7,021,725	Ψ	7,430,770	Ψ	0,327,431
Net Pension Liability	\$	979,248	\$	1,403,790	\$	1,055,329	\$	586,892
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a								
Percentage of Total Pension Liability		87.71%		83.34%		87.59%		93.56%
Covered Payroll	\$	2,204,612	\$	2,323,974	\$	2,519,703	\$	2,687,570
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		44.42%		60.40%		41.88%		21.84%

^{*}Only seven years of information are currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next three-year period.

Mea	SIIP	em	en	ŧ٦	Ves	r*

 2018	 2019		2020
 2010		-	
\$ 260,140	\$ 270,218	\$	408,208
613,202	651,217		752,902
-	-		1,015,982
29,683	(153,950)		130,816
-	(21,496)		-
 (319,839)	 (369,912)		(279,133)
583,186	376,077		2,028,775
9,114,323	 9,697,509		10,073,586
\$ 9,697,509	\$ 10,073,586	\$	12,102,361
\$ 204,492	\$ 219,446	\$	277,832
135,068	141,033		174,299
(255,509)	1,281,573		724,949
(319,839)	(369,912)		(279,133)
(4,937)	(7,239)		(4,691)
(256)	(217)		(183)
(240,982)	 1,264,684		893,073
8,527,431	8,286,449		9,551,133
\$ 8,286,449	\$ 9,551,133	\$	10,444,206
\$ 1,411,060	\$ 522,453	\$	1,658,155
85.45%	94.81%		86.30%
\$ 2,701,354	\$ 2,820,650	\$	3,485,982
52.24%	18.52%		47.57%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Fiscal Year* 2014 2015 2016 2017 \$ \$ \$ \$ 206,531 211,732 230,156 235,640 Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution (206,531)(211,732)(230,156)(235,640)Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ \$ \$ Covered payroll \$ 2,209,560 \$ 2,250,078 \$ 2,577,210 \$ 2,671,182 Contributions as a percentage of covered 9.35% 9.41% 8.93% 8.82%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 25 years

Asset valuation method 10 year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last

updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

December 31, 2014 - December 31, 2018.

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are

projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected

on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

3. Other Information:

- 1) Increased City matching ratio from 1.5 1 to 2 1.
- 2) Removed statutory maximum.

^{*}Only seven years of information are currently available. The City will build this schedule over the next three-year period.

Fiscal Year*

			1 15041	1 041				
	2018		2019		2020	2021		
\$	211,476	\$	206,538	\$	264,631	\$	360,432	
Φ.	(211,476)	Ф	(206,538)	Φ.	(264,631)	Φ.	(360,432)	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
\$	2,687,533	\$	2,672,169	\$	3,339,275	\$	3,359,998	
	7.87%		7.73%		7.92%		10.73%	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFIT FUND (TMRS SDBF)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Measurement Year*							
		2017	2018		2019			2020
Total OPEB Liability						_		_
Service cost	\$	6,181	\$	7,294	\$	6,487	\$	14,641
Interest (on the total pension liability)		4,897		4,999		5,403		4,877
Changes of assumptions		10,921		(9,324)		25,743		(14,859)
Difference between expected								
and actual experience		-		(6,717)		(8,391)		24,905
Benefit payments		(1,075)		(1,081)		(1,410)		(1,743)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		20,924		(4,829)		27,832		27,821
Beginning total OPEB liability		126,987		147,911		143,082		170,914
Ending Total OPEB Liability	\$	147,911	\$	143,082	\$	170,914	\$	198,735
Covered Payroll	\$	2,687,570	\$	2,701,354	\$	2,820,650	\$	3,485,982
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		5.50%		5.30%		6.06%		5.70%

^{*}Only four years of information is currently available. The City will continue to build this schedule over the next six-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

1. Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.5% to 11.5% including inflation
Discount rate	2.0%*
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Zero
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the PTF and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB 68.
Mortality rates-service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Mortality rates-disabled retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4-year set-forward for

2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future

mortality improvements subject to the floor.

3. Other information:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4, GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2020.

Change in assumptions is the annual change in the municipal bond index rate.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{**}Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contribution for retirees.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Measurement Year*							
	2018		2019		2020		2021	
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	6,774	\$	6,286	\$	8,649	\$	22,262
Interest (on the total pension liability)		28,122		30,337		25,666		28,239
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		-		75,076		-
Changes of assumptions		(67,690)		216,737		218,918		1,107
Benefit payments		(10,990)		(14,776)		(16,755)		(12,766)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(43,784)		238,584		311,554		38,842
Beginning total OPEB liability		777,827		734,043		972,627		1,284,181
Ending Total OPEB Liability	\$	734,043	\$	972,627	\$	1,284,181	\$	1,323,023
Covered Payroll	\$	2,669,363	\$	2,749,443	\$	1,904,674	\$	2,813,276
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		27.50%		35.38%		67.42%		47.03%

^{*} Only four years of information is currently available. The City will continue to build this schedule over the next six-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

- 1. There were no changes of benefits during the year.
- 2. The only change of assumptions was the change in discount rate from 2.21% to 2.26% to conform with the discount selection requirements of GASB 75.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		a H	Original and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Ad valorem taxes		\$	482,750	\$ 485,373	\$	2,623	
Investment income			=	267		267	
Other revenue				 10,958		10,958	
	Total Revenues		482,750	496,598		13,848	
Expenditures Principal Interest and fiscal charges	Total Expenditures		455,000 28,050 483,050	455,000 28,050 483,050			
D : : 6 11 1	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(300)	13,548	\$	13,848	
Beginning fund balance				 754,780			
	Ending Fund Balance			\$ 768,328			